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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/050,956	01/22/2002	Kenichi Iiyama	218140US2	1981
22850	7590 12/30/2003		EXAMINER	
OBLON, SPIVAK, MCCLELLAND, MAIER & NEUSTADT, P.C.			LEWIS, RALPH A	
	RIA, VA 22314	22314	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	•		3732	9

DATE MAILED: 12/30/2003

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

PTO-90C (Rev. 10/03)

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/050,956	IIYAMA ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Ralph A. Lewis	3732	
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	ppears on the cover she	et with the correspondence addi	'0SS
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a re - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perions - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mained patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status	I. 1.136(a). In no event, however, m eply within the statutory minimum of will apply and will expire SIX (6) ute, cause the application to becor	ay a reply be timely filed of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. MONTHS from the mailing date of this com ne ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	munication.
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>02</u>	October 2003.		
2a)⊠ ,This action is FINAL . 2b)☐ Th	is action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under			nerits is
Disposition of Claims			
 4) ☐ Claim(s) 1 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdensity is/are allowed. 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and 			
Application Papers	, or order or order or order	•	
9) The specification is objected to by the Exami 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) a Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre	ccepted or b) objected ne drawing(s) be held in ab	eyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).	R 1.121(d).
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner. Note the atta	ched Office Action or form PTC)-152.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority docume application from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a li 13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domesince a specific reference was included in the 37 CFR 1.78. a) The translation of the foreign language priority Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domesince as a specific reference was included in the first sentence of the foreign language priority.	nts have been received nts have been received iority documents have beau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). st of the certified copies stic priority under 35 U.S first sentence of the spenovisional application hastic priority under 35 U.S	in Application No een received in this National Sonot received. S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional acification or in an Application Does been received. S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121 since a	application) ata Sheet.
Attachment(s)			
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) 🔲 Notice	iew Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s). e of Informal Patent Application (PTO-1 :	

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Rejections based on Prior Art

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Duret et al (US 4,742,464) in view of Riley et al (US 5,121,33) and Andersson et al (5,440496).

Duret et al discloses a measuring center 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108 wherein a patient's teeth are scanned electronically and three dimensional data generated with respect thereto. Claim 1, suggests that the data be obtained from a plaster model rather than the patient's mouth. It is somewhat unclear whether the obtaining the data from a plaster model is a positively claimed step to the method, however, Riley et al (column 14, lines 30-36) is cited to show that data may also be obtained from a plaster model rather than the patient's mouth; both options are well recognized in the art. The scanned data is inherently stored, at least momentarily, for submission to the design center 109, 110, 111. It is unclear as to whether the electrical wires connecting the measuring center 107 to the design center 109 meet the "first communication apparatus" limitation, however, Andersson et al is cited to show that such communication lines are conventionally modem/internet (column 4, lines 39-56). To have used a conventional data transmission means for the undisclosed transmission

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means of Duret et al would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art. From the design center, Duret et al disclose the transmission of the design data to a processing center 112, 11 where the prosthesis is milled from a block of material. Again it is unclear if the Duret et al electrical wire connection meets the "second communication apparatus" limitation, however, Andersson et al is cited to show that such communication lines are conventionally modem/internet (column 4, lines 39-56). To have used a conventional data transmission means for the undisclosed transmission means of Duret et al would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art.

Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Franetzki (WO 96/37163) in view of Riley et al (US 5,121,33) and Andersson et al (5,440496).

Franetzki discloses a measuring center wherein a patient's teeth are scanned electronically and three dimensional data generated with respect thereto. Claim 1, suggests that the data be obtained from a plaster model rather than the patient's mouth. It is somewhat unclear whether the obtaining the data from a plaster model is a positively claimed step to the method, however, Riley et al. (column 14, lines 30-36) is cited to show that data may also be obtained from a plaster model rather than the patient's mouth; both options are well recognized in the art. The scanned data is inherently stored, at least momentarily, for submission to the design center. It is unclear as to whether the connection of the measuring center to the design center meets the "first communication apparatus" limitation, however, Andersson et al is cited to show that such communication lines are conventionally modern/internet (column 4, lines 39-

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56). To have used a conventional data transmission means for the transmission means of Franetzki would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art. From the design center, Franetzki discloses the transmission of the design data to a processing center 112, 11 where the prosthesis is milled from a block of material. Again it is unclear if the Franetzki connection meets the "second communication apparatus" limitation, however, Andersson et al is cited to show that such communication lines are conventionally modern/internet (column 4, lines 39-56). To have used a conventional data transmission means for the transmission means of Franetzki would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art.

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Action made Final

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of

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the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to Ralph Lewis at telephone number (703) 308-0770. Fax (703) 872-9306. The examiner works a compressed work schedule and is unavailable every other Friday. The examiner's supervisor, Kevin Shaver, can be reached at (703) 308-2582.

R.Lewis December 29, 2003

> Ralph A. Lewis Primary Examiner

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